

THE GAZETTE.

JANESVILLE WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5.

PENSION LEGISLATION.

The report from Washington makes the statement that there are pension bills before the house committee on invalid pensions to the amount of a billion dollars—enough to increase the public debt one billion dollars. It is now the duty of the pension committee to decide whether it will pass, will take from the treasury about thirty-five million dollars annually, in addition to the eighty millions now paid out.

There are 200 general pension bills before the committee, and 2,438 special bills. The general bills embrace all conceivable forms of pension legislation. The bill which would require the largest expenditure of money is that repealing the limitation to the arrears account. Under the act of March, 1879, pensions were to be paid from the date of discharge in all cases where the applications were made prior to June 30, 1880, and after that date pensions would only be paid from the date of filing of application. Some 310,000 applications in round numbers have been filed since the 30th of June, 1880, and about 110,000 pensions have been allowed. On these 110,000 cases if the limitation should be repealed the arrears would become due at once. There are over 200,000 cases which have been filed since June 30, 1880, now pending of which it is safe to say that at least 60 per cent. will be allowed in the near future. The committee estimates that it would require to pay cases already allowed, and those that are almost certain to be allowed, upon application, filed since the expiration of the limitation, the sum of \$475,000,000.

These figures seem bewildering, and the question will naturally be asked, "when will there be an end to these things?" There are thousands of pension bills being issued that are in many respects fraudulent, and many thousands of deserving persons cannot by the singular ruling of the pension bureau, secure the pensions they are entitled to. There is no department of the government that has such an unsettled, and an unfair policy, as that of the pension. For years congress has been enacting laws regarding pensions and the pension bureau and yet the rules by which pensions shall be granted are as weak as evens.

There will be applications for pensions for many years to come and they will cover every imaginable case, but if the bureau would establish some common sense and fixed rule in regard to granting individual pensions, and if congress would pass a fair—not an extravagant bill—this muddled and partial method of issuing pensions would be brought to an end. As an example of the kind of work which is going on in the pension department it is only necessary to repeat an illustration which has already appeared in the Gazette. A gentleman of Pennsylvania, who had been in the service but a few days, had never seen active service, became sick and was said to be disabled while in the service of his country. He made an application for a pension and received \$10,000 in the way of arrears while thousands of far more deserving soldiers and widows cannot secure a decent hearing at the hands of the pension department. Probably there will be a change in the method of doing business judging from the following item of Washington news:

The house passed and sent to the senate today a resolution authorizing the appointment of thirty medical examiners of the bureau of pensions. It was introduced by Gen. Banks, and failed to receive consideration on the last session day. Gen. Banks had the satisfaction of seeing it get through the house this morning. The legislation was had on the recommendation of Commissioner of Pensions Baum. The resolution provides that the officers shall be skilled as physicians and surgeons and shall pass such examination as the secretary of the interior may prescribe. Their compensation will be \$1,800 a annum. The resolution will probably be concurred in by the senate.

WILL IT BE CLEVELAND?

In all the history of politics in this country there never was an ex-president who so industriously engaged himself in pulling wires for a re-nomination as Mr. Cleveland. His work has been ever since his defeat in 1888 to impress the democratic party with the idea that he alone of all other democrats is best fitted for a democratic candidate. He is making considerable headway in working up a boom for himself, and just as sure as there shall be a national election in 1892, Cleveland will be the democratic leader. That noted gatherer of political gossip in New York, Mr. M. W. Hazeltine, has taken special pains to inquire of Mr. Cleveland's standing in both factions of the democratic party. It is a humiliating fact—humiliating to the democracy as well as to the whole country—that his candidacy is based, even by his most intimate friends, upon the ground of expediency and nothing else. They don't think he is the man for the place, for his education, his ability, his lack of training in public affairs, his supremely selfish nature, his ingratitude, his lack of conscience and appreciation are all against him. So when the friends of Mr. Cleveland support him, they support him because they imagine he is the most available man and therefore, cannot help themselves. What Mr. Cleveland's friends say in particular regarding his nomination is this:

It is maintained by Mr. Cleveland's friends that he alone fulfills the conditions of availability, because he alone among democratic leaders has a national reputation and a national following, and because he alone is inseparably associated in the public mind with tariff reform, the main feature of the program recently promulgated by national and state conventions. If they lay less stress on Mr. Cleveland's support of civil service reform and tariff reform, it is because the republicans have at least an equal claim to figure as the official sponsors of those political renovations. It is further urged that his defeat in 1888

should not debar him from a re-nomination for the reason that he obtained a somewhat larger proportion of the popular vote than his successful opponent, and that the transfer of a few thousand votes from one side to the other in the pivotal state of New York would have made him president. Finally, by way of historic precedent, it is pointed out that Martin Van Buren, having been overwhelmingly defeated in 1840, although, like Cleveland in 1888, he wielded the levers of political patronage, received, nevertheless, a majority of votes on the first ballot in the democratic national convention of 1844, and would have been nominated but for the enforcement of the two-thirds rule.

On the other hand the democrats opposed to Mr. Cleveland insist that his outspoken and recklessly aggressive advocacy of tariff reform, which is free trade in his mind, has not strengthened his character before the country and that his availability has been shattered. They show from experience that none of the great states can be carried by a candidate who stands on a practically free trade platform, for in these states there are great manufacturing interests which would be paralyzed by the success of a free trade party. The democrats opposed to his re-nomination argue in this way: They allege, moreover, that Mr. Cleveland has lost rather than gained ground in his own state since his retirement from public life, and that if two years ago with all the leverage of influence belonging to the chief magistracy he could not carry New York, he cannot reasonably hope to carry it as a private citizen two years hence. They add that the Van Buren precedent, instead of favoring, repels Mr. Cleveland's pretensions. They recall the fact that no democratic politician, except De Witt Clinton, has ever had so strong a hold upon the people of New York as had Martin Van Buren. Witness his astonishing performance in 1848 when, running on an independent ticket, he obtained more votes in New York than Cass, the regular democratic candidate. Nor do they fail to remind us that Van Buren, although beaten in 1849 in his contest for the presidency, retained through his friends control of the state organization, and had the enthusiastic and well-organized endorsement of the New York democracy in the national convention of 1854. Now, on the other hand, the democratic organization in the state is in the hands of Mr. Cleveland's rivals; and opponents, and his friends can gain secondary aid in the governorship campaign of 1891 he cannot look forward to securing more than a fraction of the New York delegation to the national convention in the ensuing year.

If Mr. Cleveland carried his own state in 1884 by a mere scratch, through a gross blunder of the opposition, and lost it by a big majority in 1888 when there was a square fight, on what ground does he or his friends, expect to carry the state in 1892? It is a pretty difficult thing for any democrat to answer this question.

Mr. Reed, says the Washington Star is not so unpopular on the democratic side of the house as some of the recent episodes in the proceedings would indicate. It was seldom, when the republican side, that he was ever seen on the democratic side conversing with members of that party. Now it is frequent occurrence for the speaker, when not occupying the chair, to drop into a seat among the democrats and converse on topics relating to affairs in the house. In this way he keeps himself posted at first hand of the real state of feeling among the minority. He does not depend on rumor and speculation as a source of information in regard to the temper of the opposition. Speaker Reed, the preceding officer, is a much more genial and approachable personage than was Mr. Reed when occupying a seat on the floor. There is hardly any personal hostility, even on the democratic side, toward him, though a score or more alert wits among the minority are at all times ready to lock horns with him on parliamentary questions and denounce his rulings.

The great railway bridge spanning the river Forth at Edinburgh, Scotland, was opened Tuesday by the Prince of Wales with great pomp, and an immense crowd of people, including many engineers and railway officials, witnessed the ceremony. The day was observed as a holiday by the people of Edinburgh.

Yesterday Hon. Wm. B. Allison was elected a United States senator by the two houses of the Iowa legislature, to succeed himself, it being his third re-election. Senator Allison is just now completing his eighteenth year in the United States senate.

The Spring Medicine. The popularity which Hood's Sarsaparilla has gained as a spring medicine, is wonderful. It possesses just those elements of health-giving, blood-purifying and appetite-restoring which everybody seems to need at this season. Do not content in a small, tired, unsatisfactory condition when you may be so much benefited by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It purifies the blood and makes the weak strong.

EDWIN COWLES DEAD.

The Well-Known Cleveland Editor Passes Away at His Home. CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 5.—Mr. Edwin Cowles, editor of the Cleveland Leader, died at his home Tuesday morning at the age of 65 years. He had been confined to his house during the last three weeks, most of the time to his bed. He was suffering from the same heart and stomach troubles that had afflicted him during the last four years, and it was hoped by his family and friends that he would recover sufficient strength to be able to give attention to business again before long.

The announcement of his death was a severe blow to his associates. In this city, where the greater part of his life had been passed in active and useful labors, his death will be mourned as a public misfortune.

YOUNG LINCOLN DEAD.

Surrounded by the Lincoln Family He Quietly Passes Away Without Pain.

MISSOURI'S TREASURER INDEFINITELY OUT OF OFFICE.

Gov. Francis Completes His Examination of the Books—Miscellaneous Criminal Matters.

Special to the Gazette. LONDON, March 5th.—3 p. m.—Master Abraham Lincoln, son of United States Minister Robert T. Lincoln, and grandson of the immortal Lincoln, breathed his last at 11:57 o'clock this morning. During the morning the young man was in a comatose condition, the physicians saying that death was only a question of a few hours time. Surrounded by the Lincoln family he passed quietly away without pain.

FIRE AT TROY.

The Co-Operative Store Destroyed—Loss \$50,000.

Special to the Gazette. TROY, New York, March 5th.—A fire this morning almost entirely destroyed the works of the co-operative store company, the loss being estimated at \$50,000. The amount of insurance is not given.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 5.—Gov. Francis has formally suspended State Treasurer Noland from office. At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon Mr. Noland entered the executive department and was notified of the Governor's action. The treasurer walked out of the building and thereafter had nothing to say. Telegrams were sent to all the depositaries of the State funds by the Governor, notifying them that he had taken charge of the office.

Gov. Francis yesterday evening concluded his examination of Treasurer Noland's books. A shortage in his accounts was found to exist in the sum of about \$32,000. Quo warranto proceedings to oust Noland from office will now be instituted before the Supreme Court, which convenes next Monday. This action is mandatory upon the Governor.

It was reported that Treasurer Noland had lost some of the State's money playing draw-poker at Kansas City, New York. Mr. Noland, however, stoutly declared his innocence, and intimated that when the investigation of his books was completed he would bring suit for libel against the authors of the report.

Noland's bondsmen and friends have been loud in asserting his innocence, and as late as yesterday afternoon declared that no shortage or irregularity would be found.

FLED WITH \$60,000.

William H. Pope of Louisville Ruined by Bad Company. LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 5.—William H. Pope, paying teller of the Louisville City National bank, has fled, taking with him \$60,000 of the bank's funds. He is undoubtedly safe in Canada. The discovery that a robbery had been committed became known to the bank officers yesterday morning when the bank opened for business, and it was evident that the theft was committed Saturday afternoon about the closing hour.

The story of "Will" Pope's downfall is the old one of wine, women, and cards. For the past year he has been going a gait that only a man of wealth could sustain. His associates were young men of good position, and some of them were known to be abnormally rapid. Pope's appearance did not betray his bent, and the inference is that he was led away by wild companions. He was tall and slender, and was quiet in his manner, wore glasses, and looked to be a truly good young man.

TELEGRAPHERS' CONSPIRACY.

Hearst of an Alleged Conspirator to Defraud the Western Union. ALBANY, N. Y., March 5.—William Blood, formerly manager of the Western Union telegraph office in this city, who was arrested in November last on a charge of embezzlement, but discharged for lack of evidence, has just been brought in from Council Bluffs under an indictment found upon a similar charge at the first term of the Brown county circuit court. His former examination tended to prove the existence of a widespread conspiracy among operators to "knock down" business by the old false check system. Later investigations and the admissions of several of those implicated are alleged to have shown that Blood was organizer and chief of the combine.

LURED TO THEIR DEATH.

Wealthy Young Englishmen Enticed Across the Water and Murdered. TORONTO, Ont., March 5.—There have been some startling developments in connection with the murder of the young Englishman, Frederick C. Benwell, whose body was found in a swamp near Woodstock, Ont. J. Burchell, who was arrested Monday, was brought before a magistrate at Niagara Falls, Ont. today. The whole affair seems to point to an organized gang in London, of which Burchell was the chief actor, the object of which was to lure the sons of wealthy English people to Canada, presumably to take an interest in an extensive horse raising farm at Niagara Falls.

A Town Collector Short.

OXFORD, Maine, March 5.—The accounts of Town Collector John Chadbourne, have just been examined by a commission and found to be \$3,000 to \$4,000 short.

NEWS IN A NUT SHELL.

The Pittsburg Seal and Fur company has failed for \$40,000.

PATROLMAN Edward Shoeman of Detroit was fatally shot by a burglar.

Reports from Rio Janeiro state that small-pox has become epidemic in that city.

WHITE & ALLEN, Importers, White street, New York, owe \$50,000 and have suspended.

JOHN GODAS, an Indian murderer serving a life sentence in the Montana penitentiary, died yesterday.

The West Jersey Presbytery has decided in favor of reviving the confession of faith by a vote of 32 to 15.

JAMES FORD, aged 75, committed suicide at Jeffersonville, Ind., by throwing himself under a freight train.

VICE-PRESIDENT MORTON and party have arrived at Jacksonville, Fla. They will remain two weeks in Florida.

It is stated that the Mexican government proposes to adopt a new customs tariff system, to go into effect June 1.

JULES CREF has been appointed receiver for the wholesale tobacco firm of Alfred Wertheimer & Co. of San Francisco.

THE Ohio Legislature goes in a body to Cincinnati next Saturday to attend the funeral of the late United States Minister Pendleton.

By the will of Alexis Coquillard, the wagon manufacturer of South Bend, Ind., \$5,000 is given to St. Joseph's Catholic church.

ALFRED MAGOON, a promising young man of Mason City, Iowa, attempted suicide by cutting his throat and is in a critical condition. No cause is known for the act.

PETER SCHWAR, aged 37 years, a laborer at the Niles Tool works, Columbus, Ohio, was killed by the fall of an armor plate, weighing half a ton, from a crane.

At Claflin college, Charleston, S. C., Prof. W. J. de Troville (white) charged J. N. Cardozo, the colored chaplain of the institution. The affair for a time threatened to develop into a race riot.

DR. B. T. SHIMWELL, of Philadelphia, arrested on a complaint of Mrs. Caroline E. White for practicing vivisection upon a dog, was dismissed by the magistrate before whom he explained the purpose of the operation.

THE Lexington principal office company of West Virginia, principal office in New York, has brought suit against the Midland railway of Indiana for \$200,000 on a promissory note, for \$150,000 due six days after Jan. 1, 1890.

REPORTS concerning the alleged scheme to colonize Oklahoma with negroes have aroused the settlers to a high pitch of excitement. A colored man living near Downs was whipped by a mob and a settler named Chamber was severely hurt in a fight.

THE Florida Sub-Tropical exposition at Jacksonville offers \$5,000 in prizes to be competed for in a national military drill tournament, April 7 to 13 inclusive, open to companies from any State in the Union. Applications have already been received from thirteen States.

THE burning of the saloon of Andrew Alexander at Woodslee, Ind., by which Alexander perished, Monday night, is ascribed to incendiaries. Alexander was the only saloon in the place. Recently a saloon in a neighboring town was blown up with dynamite.

THE Governor of Virginia has signed the bill to regulate the hours of labor in factories, which will under fourteen years of age are employed. Prominent tobacco manufacturers throughout the State had represented to the Governor that such a law would ruin their business.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 4.—GRAINS—Active. WHEAT—Strong and higher at the opening, reacting before the close, which ranged from 30 higher for March and May to 10 lower for July than the last figures of the previous day. No. 2 regular March 79 3/4c, closing at 79 3/4c; May 79 3/4c, closing at 79 3/4c. CORN—Closed a fraction lower. No. 2 March 29 3/4c; May 29 3/4c; July 29 3/4c. OATS—Firm and closing higher. No. 2 March 24 1/2c; May 24 1/2c; July 24 1/2c.

PROVISIONS—Higher for this month but steady for May. Pork—March 60 1/2c; May 60 1/2c; July 60 1/2c. LARD—March 20 1/2c; May 20 1/2c; July 20 1/2c. RICE—March 41 1/2c; May 41 1/2c; July 41 1/2c.

LIVE STOCK—Receipts of cattle, 7,000. In brisk demand and strong to a shade higher. Receipts of hogs 24,000; in good demand, but about a nickel lower; packers paid \$3.50 to \$4.00 for the best selected heavy, shipping and butcher weights, sold largely at \$4.25 to \$4.50, and all sold at a slight advance as compared with yesterday.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, March 4.—In the stock market Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis attracted attention among the stocks of the regular list on account of its sudden increase in animation, increased by a corresponding exhibition of strength. No other stocks, however, showed any movement whatever, and dullness and stagnation continued to be the sole features of the trading. Among the trusts Sugar took a back seat, while Lead came to the front, and on an active business scored a rise of 1 per cent to 33 1/2c. The general market displayed more activity toward the end of the hour, which was accompanied by advancing prices, and at noon the market was quiet but strong at the best figures reached.

Money is easy at 1 1/2 per cent. Silver, 80c.

NEW DEAL!

The New Chicago Store

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT,

WITH

Prices Lower Than Ever,

And prices that are bound to convince people that we shall be in the future, as in the past, the only genuine bargain store in Janesville.

We are getting in daily an entire line of new goods, and we respectfully ask our host of old customers, as well as the new ones, we intend to make, to call in and see for themselves, that we actually

SAVE THEM 10 TO 25 PER CENT.

on their purchases. We are getting in the

Finest Line Of Dry Goods Ever Shown.

in Janesville, and shall also show an elegant line of Men's, Boys and Children's

Clothing, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Etc.,

all new, bought this season. We are going to try to do the largest business ever done in Janesville, and we know we can only do so by selling good goods at the very lowest living prices, besides selling goods very low—in fact we guarantee our prices to be fully 10 per cent, lower than any of our competitors—we shall every month, give away to our friends

Twenty-Five Elegant Presents,

no cheap chromos, dubbed oil paintings, with gold leaf frames, hardly fit to hang in a barn, but elegant, sensible, valuable presents, that our lucky customers will be delighted with. We desire to return our heartfelt thanks for the great patronage we have had in the past, and promise our friends to try to do even better for them in the future.

CHILDS & CO.

NECKWEAR

EARLY SPRING STYLES

FOR 1890.

We again take pleasure in calling your attention to this department, on which we bestow great care; always showing the largest assortment to be found in this city. In shapes and patterns we offer the

Latest and Most Exclusive Styles!

Have just opened a fresh lot of "Teeks and Four in Hands" which will greatly interest you at popular prices, 25, 50, 75c and \$1.00

HATS AND CAPS.

This department is now completely stocked in all the latest shapes in stiff hats including the *Squaretop and Christy*. In boys and children's caps we show 40 styles. Our new *Puff Windsor* is just the thing for spring wear. Our

CLOTHING!

FOR MEN, BOYS AND CHILDREN

is as near perfection as can be and invites your inspection. *A Reliable Place.*

FRANK H. BAACK & CO.

22 West Milwaukee Street.

INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS.

METCALF & CROFT,

Successors to Mark Ripley.

24 of the Oldest and Most Trustworthy Insurance Co's

in the world represented at this agency. The Oldest in the city.

Policies Written at the Lowest Possible Rates.

Over No. 10, East Milwaukee Street.

J. C. METCALF T. T. CROFT.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

Our stock never larger, never more complete, never embraced choicer patterns. Spring line all in. 300 pieces. CALL BEFORE BUYING.

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT,

WITH

Prices Lower Than Ever,

And prices that are bound to convince people that we shall be in the future, as in the past, the only genuine bargain store in Janesville.

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Over No. 10, East Milwaukee Street.

J. C. METCALF T. T. CROFT.

J. C. METCALF T. T. CROFT.

Pears' Soap

Fair white hands.
Bright clear complexion
Soft healthy skin.

"PEARS"—The Great English Complexion Soap—Sold Everywhere.

STOVES, STOVES.

Notwithstanding all manufacturers have advanced prices. We shall for

THE NEXT 30 DAYS

Make Prices on all Stoves that will pay anybody wanting a Stove within the coming year to investigate.

As we want room for our Spring Goods. Also a full line of

Builders' Hardware, Nails, Cutlery, Tin, Ag. te, & Granite
Iron Ware, and Housekeeping Goods Generally.
Celebrated Clauss Shears and Scissors.
THE CHALLENGE LOEBBERG REFRIGERATORS, Etc. We also

Do All Kinds of Tin and Solid Iron Work, Cornices, Window Trimmings
Furnaces Heating, Etc.

All at Prices as Low as First Class work and material will allow.
GRISWOLD & ANBORN, 28 South Main St.

Hanchett & Sheldon

Dealers at wholesale and retail, have on hand the large

BEST SELECTED STOCK & HARDWARE.

IRON, WAGON STOCK, NAILS

Builder's Hardware, Stoves, Etc.

To be found in Southern Wisconsin, and will make prices on same that will defy competition. Among their specialties in Stoves this season may be found the celebrated

WEST POINT PARLOR HEATER

Favorite Wood and Coal Ranges, Favorite, Oak and the

Best and Cheaper Lines of Coal and Wood Heaters in the Market

Don't fail to examine our stock before buying.

The Grand Oil Heater.

The marvel of the age, constantly in operation.

Remember First-Class Tin Shop with experienced Workmen.

INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE

At the Insurance and Real Estate office Room 12, second floor in the Jackson Block, is represented the old, strong

Leading Insurance Companies!

OF AMERICA AND EUROPE.

They can truthfully be said to be

TIME - TRIED AND - FIRE - TESTED,

ALSO THE

Travelers' Accident Insurance Company.

THE LARGEST IN THE WORLD. Thankful for past favors and soliciting a continuance of the same, I am,

Very Respectfully,
SILAS HAYNER, Agent.

BINDERY!

of health and strength restored and of ease and comfort follows the use of Syrup of Figs, as it acts as a harmless yet powerful to effectively cleanse the system when clogged or bilious. For sale in 50c. and \$1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

TWO HOME PICTURES.

And It All Depends on How Papa Comes Home at Night.

Look on this picture and then on that: "Father is coming!" and the little round faces grow long, merry voices are hushed, toys are thrust into the cupboard, and the glances nervously at the door; baby is bridled with a lump of sugar to keep his peace. Father's business face relates not a muscle, the little group huddle like timid sheep in a corner. Tea is dispatched in silence, as though speaking was prohibited. The children creep like culprits to bed, marveling that baby dares crow so loud now that "father is coming!" Bright eyes sparkle with joy, tiny faces dance with glee, eager faces press against the window pane and a bevy of rosy lips clasp kisses at the door. Picture books he lays on the table, and tops, balls, dolls and kites are discussed. Little Susy lays her soft cheek against the paternal whiskers with the most careless abandon; Charley gets a love pat on his head; mamma's face glows radiant; the evening paper is read aloud, and tea and toast and time vanish with celerity, for jubilee has arrived, and "father has come."

THE PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION AGAINST VIOLATIONS OF THE LAW.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The President will in a few days issue a proclamation warning all persons against entering the waters of the United States for the purpose of violating the provisions of section 1,957 of the revised statutes. This section is as follows:

"No person shall kill any other, mink, marten, sable, or fur-seal or fur-bearing animal within the limits of Alaska territory or in the waters thereof, and every person guilty thereof shall for each offense, be fined not less than \$200 nor more than \$1,000, or imprisonment not more than six months, or both, and all vessels, their tackle, apparel, furniture, and cargo found engaged in violation of this section shall be forfeited, but the secretary of the treasury shall have power to authorize the killing of any such mink, marten, sable, or other fur-bearing animal, except fur-seals, under such regulations as he may prescribe, and it shall be the duty of the secretary to prevent the killing any fur seal and to provide for the execution of the provisions of this section until it is otherwise provided by law, nor shall he grant any special privileges under this section."

SCHMIDT TO FOOT THE BILL.

Dismissal of a Suit for Violation of the Alien Contract Labor Law.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Assistant Secretary Tichenor has directed a discontinuance of the suits pending in the United States District court of St. Louis against Henry Schmidt of that city for the recovery of \$12,000 for importing under contract from Germany twelve journeymen tailors in violation of the alien contract labor law on condition that Schmidt pay to the United States the sum of \$2,000 and the costs of the suits. This action is taken in response to numerous appeals for mitigation or a remission of the penalties.

Congressman Taulbee Very Low.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Ex-Congressman Taulbee's physicians make the

STATE RIGHTS IN COURT.

ARGUMENT IN THE CASE OF JUSTICE FIELD'S ASSAILANT.

Shall Nagle Be Tried by a California Jury?—Other News from the Capital.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The Supreme Court chamber was filled throughout the four hours of the session of the court with an audience which listened attentively to the arguments of counsel in the Nagle case, arising out of the shooting of David Terry in Lathrop, Cal., last summer, when he was in the act of committing an assault upon the field of the Supreme Court. All the justices were present except Justice Field.

The argument was opened by Za-k Montgomery in behalf of the appellant, Sheriff Cunningham, from whose jurisdiction Nagle was discharged on a writ of habeas corpus issued by the United States court. The writ of habeas corpus was based on the ground that he was an officer of the United States, a deputy marshal engaged in the performance of his duty of protecting a justice of the United States Supreme court, and that he could not therefore be imprisoned by the State authorities. Mr. Montgomery said that, unless there was specific statutory law for the instruction given Nagle to accompany Justice Field, there was no authority for his release in the United States Circuit court. As it was not asserted that Nagle acted upon the authority of any statutory law of the United States, and as the constitution extending protection outside of the precincts of the court building, he declared that the deputy marshal should be remanded to the custody of the State of California.

Attorney-General Miller, who followed in behalf of the United States, said it was the duty of the executive department to protect the judiciary of the government and that, under the constitution, the judiciary being in abeyance to the executive, it was the duty of the executive department to sit in judgment upon the acts of its officials in performing their duties in accordance with the constitution. The proposition advanced on the part of the State was a heresy as old as the government, which has been refuted times without number in the courts, in Congress and upon the battle field.

Joseph Choate of New York, who followed the attorney-general as one of the counsel for the government, said that for the first time in 100 years the people were now met with the startling contention that a justice of the highest court of the land was not entitled to the protection of the government in going from one place to another in his circuit.

The hearing was not completed when court adjourned.

WILL APPLY THE THUMB-SCREW.

How the Senators Are Going to Stop the Publication of Their Secrets.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The Senate, in another on-called secret session, lasting five hours, discussed the subject of executive sessions. Mr. Dolph, from the special committee charged with the duty of investigating the leaks by which proceedings in executive session have been made public, submitted a series of resolutions, the preamble to which recited the progress thus far made by the committee, and directing the committee to again question A. J. Hall and G. B. Hall and the representatives of the press associations, and Messrs. Guthrie of the New York Tribune, and Deany of the New York Times as to the information furnished, and upon a second refusal to answer to proceed against them for contempt.

These resolutions, it is said, were supported by Messrs. Dolph, Wilson of Iowa, and Harris of the special committee, who are reported to have argued that it was incumbent upon the Senate to vindicate its authority and dignity by this course. They read extracts from leading newspapers and state papers showing the necessity for the proposed action.

Senators Moody, Pettigrew, and others are said to have taken strong grounds against the adoption of the resolution.

Mr. Teller advocated a substitute for the resolutions of the committee his resolution, proposed last spring, for the consideration of executive nominations in open session. In this he was supported by Mr. Blair who, with Mr. Teller, has for several years been an advocate of open sessions.

Mr. Blackburn, who has heretofore expressed himself in favor of the abolition or modification of the present rule, is said to have expressed the opinion that as long as proceedings in executive sessions were held to be secret by the rules of the Senate the press ought to be excluded.

The debate was continued, developing into a discussion of the whole question of executive sessions, and adjournment came at 6 o'clock without a conclusion being reached. It is understood that the discussion will be resumed tomorrow. Mr. Evans is to speak upon some legal points involved. In the course of the debate it was developed that some of the supporters of the resolution held the opinion that the recalcitrant witnesses were guilty of the crime of sedition in defying one branch of the legislative department of the government.

The Senate confirmed Henry C. Caldwell to be judge of the United States court for the Eighth judicial circuit.

MUST KEEP OUT OF BEHRING SEA.

Violations of the Law.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The President will in a few days issue a proclamation warning all persons against entering the waters of the United States for the purpose of violating the provisions of section 1,957 of the revised statutes. This section is as follows:

DISMISSAL OF A SUIT FOR VIOLATION OF THE ALIEN CONTRACT LABOR LAW.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Assistant Secretary Tichenor has directed a discontinuance of the suits pending in the United States District court of St. Louis against Henry Schmidt of that city for the recovery of \$12,000 for importing under contract from Germany twelve journeymen tailors in violation of the alien contract labor law on condition that Schmidt pay to the United States the sum of \$2,000 and the costs of the suits. This action is taken in response to numerous appeals for mitigation or a remission of the penalties.

Congressman Taulbee Very Low.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Ex-Congressman Taulbee's physicians make the

any at all. Mr. Taulbee is being kept very quiet and few persons are allowed to see him. He is conscious, and has expressed a wish to make a statement to the newspapers, but this his physicians have declined to allow him to do, as they think the excitement would work disastrous effects. Mr. Taulbee is very weak.

Transferring the Weather Bureau.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—A substitute for the bill transferring the weather bureau from the War Department to the Agricultural Department will be reported to the Senate. Mr. Lansing provides that much of the work of the signal service shall be transferred July 1, 1891; that a chief, at a salary of \$4,500, shall be appointed; that the enlisted force now engaged in this work shall be discharged, and so many of them as may be necessary shall be taken into the employ of the Agricultural Department.

Court-Martial for McCalla.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Commander McCalla, in command of the Enterprise, who cut down a sailor with a sword, made a formal request for a court of inquiry, and it was at the same time convened March 11 at the Brooklyn navy yard. It will be composed of Rear Admiral L. A. Kimberly, Commodore W. P. McCann and Captain O. F. Stanton, and Mr. Perry Garst will act as judge advocate.

Wines Favors the Berillon System.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—E. C. Foster, general agent of the Department of Justice, and Dr. Wines of Illinois, who were before the House judiciary committee in connection with the bill to establish a prison bureau, and advocated the French system, which makes the identification of prisoners almost entirely certain by means of a few measurements of the skull and frame.

Chickamauga Military Park.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The military committee of the House, by unanimous vote, adopted a resolution authorizing a report on the Grosvenor bill establishing the Chickamauga and Chattanooga national military park. The report takes the ground that the Western armies should be aided in marking the sites of their valorous fighting as Eastern armies have been at Gettysburg.

Controversy Over the Seal Fur Lands.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—In the Senate the finance committee reported adversely to Mr. Voorhees' resolution for delay in the completion of the lease of the seal fur islands, stating as a reason that the lease is already completed. The resolution was tabled.

MINERS IN CONVENTION.

President McBride Urges the Men to Insist on the Columbus Scale.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 5.—The State convention of coal miners is in session in the Senate chamber of the State house here. About seventy delegates, representing all parts of the State, are in attendance.

Patrick McCall of Streator was elected temporary chairman. On taking the floor he congratulated the miners upon the recent amalgamation of the Knights of Labor and the miners of the Progressive union.

After the appointment of preliminary committees the were called for. Patrick McBride of Pennsylvania, president of the national executive board, made a short speech showing the feeling among the miners of Ohio and Indiana with reference to the scale of prices adopted by the Columbus convention.

"The miners everywhere," said he, "are in favor of that scale, and they are almost unanimously opposed to any conference being held with the operators on the subject. They know that all the operators will not agree to any such conference, and that a conference would therefore avail nothing. Let the miners all stay to the test of the scale of prices. These are our figures, and they are our fighting figures, and no other prices will be accepted." I find the miners everywhere saying: "Let us hang together and fight to the death."

The convention will last three days. Everything pertaining to the welfare of miners will be considered.

Senator Allison Re-Elected.

DES MOINES, Iowa, March 5.—William B. Allison was re-elected by the general assembly to the United States Senate. His term begins one year from yesterday. There was not a dissenting Republican vote. All the Republicans in the Senate, twenty-eight in number, were present. Mr. Larrabee received two votes, and Mr. Bestow, Democrat, twenty.

Frozen to Death While Drunk.

ELLSWORTH, Wis., March 5.—Gilbert Bjornson of El Paso left a saloon in the evening in an intoxicated condition and was found frozen to death the next morning. There were indications that he had made a desperate struggle for life, having crawled around and around on his hands and knees, but was unable to rise to his feet.

New York's Society Sensation.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Fernando Yznaga, brother of Lady Mandeville, and a noted society man, was married this morning very quietly to Miss Mabel Wright, a belle and a beauty.

A Pleasing Sense.

Of health and strength restored and of ease and comfort follows the use of Syrup of Figs, as it acts as a harmless yet powerful to effectively cleanse the system when clogged or bilious. For sale in 50c. and \$1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT ACCUSED OF CONSPIRACY.

Special Telegrams Read in the House of Commons—Other News from Foreign Lands.

LONDON, March 5.—In the Commons T. Harrington, nationalist, speaking on the report of the Parnell commission, made good his promise to produce evidence that while the committee was sitting a conspiracy was in progress, in which the ministers were deeply involved, to obtain perjured evidence to destroy the character of the Parnellites. Mr. Harrington produced a series of telegrams to agents of the Times in America with reference to Millen and Sheridan. "Did the Attorney General," he asked, "see any of these telegrams?"

Sir R. E. Webster replied: "Not one."

Mr. Harrington, continuing: "Then you were betrayed by your colleagues. These telegrams prove a conspiracy against the Parnellites. A gross injustice has been done to the Attorney General if his name was connected with them without his knowledge."

Proceeding to show that the Government was behind these transactions, Mr. Harrington read a telegram dated April 1 and addressed to a man named Johnston in New York, to the effect that all the informers were authorized to give him the names of informers. The reply came from Johnston that the Consul was unable to assist him. The next day another telegram told Johnston that all the informers' reports must have passed through the Consul's hands, and if he did not know the names himself he could refer to those who did. Was the British Minister responsible for this matter, Mr. Harrington asked.

HARRINGTON'S TEST.

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Continuing, he read further telegrams showing that even after Sir Richard Webster had apologized for the forgeries the Times still endeavored to procure evidence through Sheridan to establish their authenticity. While the Times was offering as much as £50,000 as a bribe for perjured testimony, nobody connected with the respondents paid a penny for evidence, he said. He must decline to say how he obtained the telegrams unless a committee of inquiry were granted, in which case still more would be forthcoming.

ROYAL DEATH AT HYDERABAD.

The Nawab of Muntulmuk Gathered to His Fathers—Great Sorrow Expressed.

NEW YORK, March 5.—A recent letter from Hyderabad states that the death of the youngest son of Salar Jung, nawab of Muntulmuk, has caused general sorrow. With him an illustrious house practically becomes extinct, the only representative of it that is left being an infant a few months old. The late nawab, who was a very promising young man, was a half-brother of Salar Jung the younger, and with his delicate and refined appearance was in striking contrast with the burly statesman. Marquis de Mores, with his wife, the guest in the palace at Hyderabad during some weeks of the winter of 1887-1888, and the Marquis, a charming American, was not a little proud of her unique experiences in the midst of a big, turbulent, fanatical city where, until quite a recent period, it has been scarcely safe for a "feringhee" to show himself without an escort.

ENGINES COLLIDE.

Four People Killed and Fourteen Injured at Carlisle Station, England.

LONDON, March 5.—The brakes on the Scotch express train failed to work this morning while approaching Carlisle station, on the borders of England and Scotland, and the train, while still running at considerable speed, dashed into the Scotch express train, which was standing at the station. The crash was terrific, both engines and a number of carriages being demolished and scattered in fragments over the tracks. Those escaping death and the cries of the passengers added horror to the scene. As rapidly as possible a wrecking party set to work to rescue the victims.

As far as is now known, four persons were killed and fourteen injured, some so severely that they are not expected to survive. The victims were in most cases terribly mutilated.

POOR CARLOTTA'S HEALTH.

Much Improved of Late—Few Traces of Insanity Remaining.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Edmund Yates in his London cable to the Tribune says: "The health of ex-Empress Carlotta of Mexico has considerably improved of late, and few traces now remain of the mental disease from which she has suffered ever since the tragic death of her husband. She still maintains a voluminous correspondence with some of her former friends, evinces a keen interest in passing events, personally superintends all the domestic affairs of her palace, and habitually dines with the chief members of her household. She takes a walk twice a day in the beautiful park which surrounds the Chateau Bouchout whenever the weather will allow."

BY THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The Royal Highness Formally Opens the Bridge of Scotland.

EDINBURGH, March 5.—The great bridge over the Firth of Forth was formally opened to-day by the Prince of Wales with imposing ceremonies. A very distinguished company was present, which included Lord Rosebery, the Duke of Fife, Prince George of Wales, the Duke of Edinburgh, M. Eiffel, and many notables of the engineering and railway world.

Princess Margaret to Be Married.

BERLIN, March 5.—The Cologne Gazette revives the report that the Czarevitch and the Princess Margaret of Prussia, daughter of Emperor William, have been betrothed. The hunting expedition in which the Emperor is to join the Czar in the Russian forests near the frontier may have something to do with this alliance.

Who Wouldn't Be a Page?

TEHRAN, March 5.—The Shah of Persia has betrothed his youngest daughter to Aziz McLedschek, the favorite page who accompanied his Majesty all over Europe and was noted for his familiar manner with which he treated his imperial master. The Shah has given Aziz presents of great value and settled upon him a splendid palace in Tehran, furnished in the most laborious and costly manner of Oriental luxury and Oriental comfort.

Poor Old Don Pedro.

LONDON, March 5.—The report that Don Pedro is unwilling to dismiss his suite causes considerable amusement to those who care enough about the ex-Empress to interest themselves in his doings. The probability is that his suite will soon dismiss him, for the former Brazilian monarch is in a pecuniary condition ill-suited to the swarm of parasites by whom he has hitherto been accompanied.

Romans See Buffalo Bill's Show.

ROME, March 5.—Buffalo Bill's cowboys gave an exhibition of subduing wild horses, which was witnessed by 15,000 people. The horses are the property of the Duke of Sermonet and have hitherto been regarded as untamable. The animals were rendered entirely tractable in a remarkably short time.

BERLIN, March 5.—Emperor William will visit Norway next summer. It is stated that the Emperor has severely snubbed several employers, Herren Baur and Krupp among others, for exhibiting an excess of zeal in defending their interests at the expense of their employes.

Abraham Lincoln No Better.

LONDON, March 5.—The condition of Master Abraham Lincoln shows no improvement.

SOME HOPE FOR THEM.

Possibility That the Seven Entombed Miners are Safe.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 5.—Flames are still raging fiercely to-day at the South Wilkesbarre mine. No hopes are now entertained of rescuing the men entombed by the explosion, and they must have perished. The roof of the tunnel has caved in. It may be a week before the bodies of the dead are recovered.

A fire engine has been put to work and two large streams of water are pouring into the burning mine. There is a faint hope now that the imprisoned men are safe in one of the chambers of the Stanton mine, in which the air is said to be excellent. This mine adjoins the burning shaft, and it is possible the men have made their way there.

SEMSCH HAS SKIPPED.

The La Crosse Forger Leaves Town to Escape Criminal Proceedings.

LA CROSSE, Wis., March 5.—Joseph Semisch, who made an assignment three months ago and has since been charged with having forged sureties to at least sixteen notes, left this city for Burlington, Minn., early Monday morning and at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of that day a warrant for his arrest was issued. The court gave a decision in favor of the attaching creditors late Saturday night and the general creditors are the ones who swore out the warrant. It is thought that he headed for the old country, but an effort for his recapture will be made.

BIG BLAZE IN NEW YORK.

Many Firms in the Dry Goods District Cleaned Out by the Fire.

NEW YORK, March 5.—Fire completely gutted the five-story building No. 322 Broadway. A number of firemen sustained serious injuries on account of back draught. Joseph McGill, chief of the third battalion, was thrown down stairs and had his left shoulder broken and was also injured internally. The building was in the heart of the dry goods district and was occupied by a number of firms, whose losses are as follows: Mayer & Co., \$200,000; Bacon & Eaton, \$75,000; Brown Comb company, \$25,000; C. A. Bandomine, owner building, \$25,000.

STABBED WITH A WHISTLE.

Peculiar Death of an 18-Month-Old Child at Racine.

RACINE, Wis., March 5.—The 18-month-old son of Charles Thomas met with a peculiar and fatal accident. While playing with a tin whistle he fell and one end of the whistle was forced in the child's face at the bridge of the nose, penetrating the brain. Inflammation set in and death resulted.

Big Cut in Passenger Rates.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 5.—The Missouri Pacific exploded a bombshell at the meeting of the Transmissouri Passenger Association to-day that will almost surely effect the total disruption of the association. It announced a rate of \$10 between Kansas City and Pueblo, and a rate of \$5 between St. Louis and Kansas City. This is a reduction of \$3 in the former instance and \$2.50 in the latter. It is predicted that the organization cannot survive if the Missouri Pacific persists in its threat to inaugurate a rate war.

Republican Leagues in Convention.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 5.—The third annual convention of the National League of Republican clubs is in session at Nashville, Tenn., with over 60 delegates in attendance. The delegates were welcomed in a speech by Hon. A. J. Watson, Chairman of the local Executive committee, after which President Thurston of Nebraska, delivered his annual address. The chief interest of the convention centers in the election of a President, for which office there are several candidates.

JAMES L. SHEETZ has been indicted at Liberty, Mo., for murder in the first degree for the killing a month ago of John Lewton. Sheetz is ex-county attorney. The murder occurred during a quarrel over Sheetz's alleged criminal intimacy with Lewton's wife.

"Solomon's Temple" is considerably over a mile high, and the denudation and wearing of the rock by water has been such that it represents an enormous pile of architecture with sculptured bas-reliefs, with great terraces at its base, and growing sparser toward the top. On the very top, in the center, is a pyramidal peak in exact proportions.

DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER, with constipation, impairs the complexion, induces pimples, yellow skin. He who is the cause by using Carter's Little Liver Pills. O. e. s. d. s. Try them.

The Great Reservation.

The direct route to the Great Sioux Indian Reservation is via Pierre, the capital of South Dakota, at which point the Government Land Office is located. The Chicago & North-Western Railway Company has designated Pierre as a tourist port, and excursion tickets will be sold good returning until Oct. 31st at very low rates.

For tickets and full information apply at ticket offices Chicago & Northwestern Railway.

Pearl's complexion a beautiful complexion.

Peculiar

To itself in many important particulars, Hood's Sarsaparilla is different from and superior to any other medicine.

Peculiar in combination, preparation and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsapar

THE GAZETTE.

THE OFFICIAL CITY PAPER.

SMITH & GATELEY

Choice seasoned second growth Black and White Oak, Hard and Soft Maple, White Ash, Basswood, Poplar, Pine Slabs and Pine Kindling. All wood sawed and split to suit.

All grades of Soft Coal for steam and domestic use.

The best Scranton Coal—all sizes. Prepared Cove for domestic use.

Call at Anderson & Powell's office over First National Bank if you want to buy or sell real estate, or borrow or loan money.

The American Mutual Accident Association of Oshkosh, Wis., wants a good live agent to work in Janesville and vicinity. This is the best association in the state and the only one that issues policies on the territory plan.

WANTED—An eight roomed house with gas and city water. Address M. this office.

FOR SALE—A good Portland two-seal sleigh with top, will be sold at bargain. Mrs. ANSON ROGERS, 51 Park Place.

Cheap Groceries.

Handreds have taken advantage of my "On Prices" in the last ten days. Now I give on all something else for this week—

All "Fancy Patent" flour.....\$1.20
"Cream" (Best family flour used).....1.10
"Vienna".....1.05
15 lbs. Granulated sugar.....1.00
16 lbs. White O sugar.....1.00
"Bismarck" Hams, Beef and Bacon.....12%
(Every price guaranteed.)

24 Baro's Soap.....1.00
24 Baro's O. Soap.....1.00
24 Baro's Linen Soap.....1.00
Genuine Inf. French Paste.....12%
Tomatoes at 5 and 10 cents, and Columbia River Salmon at 15 cents. Here are three "drives" for only this week: I am also giving with each pound of Tea, articles that cost you 8 to 10 pounds at the so-called tea stores.

FRED VANKIRK, (The People's Grocer.)
FOR SALE—A good Holstein cow, three years old; also new single harness. WALKER HELMS, 36 South Main street.

A few more diaries for 1890 for sale cheap at Sutherland's book-store.

For Sale.
Two beautiful lots on Milton avenue cheap for cash. Inquire at 129 Milton avenue.

LOOK—At those choice lots in the first ward for sale by D. CONGER.

China matings, 100 pieces just opened J. M. BERTWICK & SONS.

More new goods received at Wheelock. Hand engraved table tumblers 60 cents a dozen of several patterns. Sleds 50 cents.

Wonderful Cheap.
3 lots 31 ward at one-half real value if taken this week. J. G. SAGE.

New spring styles of wall papers, borders and curtains, just received, direct from manufacturers, at J. Sutherland & Sons' Bookstore. Splendid goods. Call and see them.

Linoleum—20 pieces recently received for floors in offices, dining rooms, etc. Nothing equals it for hard wear. J. M. BERTWICK & SONS.

Our stock of building material is now complete in every respect. Parties expecting to build the coming season should call and get our prices before placing their orders. We will please you both as to quality and price.

DAVID K. JEFFRIES.
We would inform our customers that we now have a supply of our superior black ink, wood, China silk, embroidery, flannels, etc. J. M. BERTWICK & SONS.

Ladies clean our old gloves with Mother's Glove cleaner; for sale only at Burns & Holand's dry goods store.

A few barrels wanted at 206 South Franklin street.

A new lot of wood just received, including Black maple, second growth white-oak, etc.; which will be sold at lowest living prices.

DAVID K. JEFFRIES.
For extra grades of hard and soft coal, call on David K. Jeffries.

Kindling, cut stove-lengths, \$1.50 per cord, at Thompson's & Co's box factory.

FOR RENT—House No. 205 Division street, near high school. Wm. Ross.

If you want a fine, new home in this city, see me before you buy. L. CONGER.

FOR RENT—A front room at 104 Park Place facing the court house contains a bath. Inquire on the premises.

D. Conger's office is the place for bargains in houses, lots, farms and western land.

TO RENT—Elegant office in the Probate block and one in the Bennett block centrally located. Inquire at the insurance office of Siles Hayes.

After you have made a tour of the market call at T. J. Zaleski's for bargain in clothing.

Money to loan on long time with good security. METCALF & CROFT.

Goods, paper, pen and ink at Sutherland's.

Call for Venus Flour.
Ask your grocer for Pearl White Flour. Crown Jewel and White Loaf Flour are both choice brands.

FOR SALE CHEAP
If taken soon, new house and six acres of land on corner of Milton Avenue and Elida streets. In fine shape to sell in acre or half acre lots. D. CONGER.

VERY ATTRACTIVE—Our stock of carpets for the spring trade. We bought them early, have our line complete and are ready for business—variety large, designs artistic, coloring new, prices low. We want you to see our extensive layout before you buy. Give us an opportunity to show you.

J. M. BERTWICK & SONS.

BRIEFLETS.

Lecture this evening—President Eaton. See that your name is on the registry list. Don't fail to attend the lecture this evening.

Read President Eaton at the Congregational church this evening.

Read Frank Vanhook's at 12 in another column, and call on him for bargains in groceries.

A meek looking tramp was in the municipal court to-day and was sentenced to thirty days in jail.

There were two very lively runaways last evening, but no damage resulting—only a little excitement.

"Over Oronwell" is the subject of President Eaton's lecture this evening at the Congregational church.

Wisconsin Lodge No. 14, I. O. O. F., occupy Old Fellows' hall this evening—regular weekly meeting.

The "Beggars' Ball" is the next society event in this city, to occur at the armory on Wednesday evening, April 16th.

A number of sleighing parties had been made up last night but most of them were declared off on account of the cold.

The Merry Club met last evening with Miss Annie Scanlan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Scanlan, No. 57 Center avenue.

The Rev. E. G. Richardson, of St. James' Church, Milwaukee, will preach in Christ church to-night. All are welcome.

A representative of Lorrillard's Tobacco Works is distributing samples of that factory's wares at the various manufacturing establishments in the city.

The quarterly meeting of the Catholic Society will be held at their room, at 2 o'clock to-morrow. Officers will be elected and other business transacted. Social and dance in the evening.

January and February this year will pass into history as spring months. But March, judging from the present, is ambitious to be known as a winter month. Perhaps the calendar needs revising.

Mary E. Wilkins will contribute a story entitled "Amanda in Love," to the number of Harper's Bazar to be published March 7th. The same number will contain an article on "The Possibilities of Old Furniture" by Mary Gay Humphrey.

Mr. B. W. King has purchased the eight acre homestead of Mark Ripley, just north of the city in the town of Janesville, the consideration being \$4800. Mr. King says he is considering the question of establishing a first-class henery, and raising poultry on an extensive scale.

Married, at the residence of Don E. Brown, March 4th, 1890, by Rev. N. W. Wardner, Mr. Wm. E. Mansour, of Harmony, and Miss Elvira E. Follett, of Milton. The newly married pair were the recipients of very many valuable and useful presents, tokens of esteem from their many friends. The best wishes of all will abide with them.

Grand Central Temple Bazaar, of Madison, Wis., is in Janesville on to-morrow (Thursday) evening, and will visit Christ Temple of Honor, No. 82, at their hall in the Judd block, for the purpose of exemplifying the work of the order. The meeting on this occasion will be open to the public and all friends of the order are cordially invited to be present.

Frederic Remington's illustrations of Thomas A. Janvier's romance "The Aztec Treasure-house" now running in Harper's Weekly, bear frequent evidence of the careful study which the artist has given to Aztec antiquities and the different phases of modern Mexican life. He has a large collection of the necessary "local color" in his little Haven home, which is a veritable museum of curiosities. No man, it is said, has a more valuable collection of the arms and dress of the Mexican Indians than he.

The Romance Journal, of recent date, speaking of an entertainment given to Mrs. O. R. Dahl (nee Miss Gertrude Wheeler) formerly of this city.—"Mrs. Dahl also played two numbers on the violin and captivated her hearers by her skillful execution. The lady is acknowledged to be one of the finest violinists in the state." Prof. and Mrs. Dahl now reside at Virgiana and are meeting with very flattering success as teachers, having a large number of pupils, and their services being in great demand.

Invitation.
Our customers and friends are respectfully invited to represent at Horner's Baking Powder, and Food Cerealine Plates, Thursday and Friday, March 6th and 7th. Big Sign Flour. Nice biscuits, muffins and gems will be made without the use of shortening, and given to every one attending.

GRACE BROS.
The Green Bay accommodation, on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad—due here at 6:35 a. m., did not arrive until this afternoon at 1:45.

They collided with a freight train at Fort Atkinson this morning, wrecking three freight cars and throwing a fourth into the river. Mr. J. H. Lesley, of this city, conductor on the freight train, was slightly injured about the head. The accident occurred on the railroad bridge across Rock river, at Fort Atkinson, the passenger train running into the rear end of the freight. The road was not cleared of the wreck until one o'clock this afternoon.

A CARD.
Denying Certain Charges Made Against the Grand Army Post.

To the Editor,
Permit me space in your paper to say that the charge made against the Grand Army, concerning the appointment of Mr. O. E. Bowles as postmaster, is entirely unfounded for and without foundation. The Grand Army Post did not endorse Mr. Bowles, and as an organization had nothing to do with his appointment, and are not responsible for his acts. JOHN T. WILCOX, Commander.

W. H. Sergeant Post No. 20, G. A. R. Janesville, March 5th, 1890.

A Pleasing Sense
Of health and strength renewed and of ease and comfort follows the use of Syrup of Figs, as it acts in harmony with nature to effectually cleanse the system from noxious or bilious. For sale in 50c. and \$1.00 bottles by all leading druggists.

—Outwary and sack business suits in great variety and at living prices at Zeigler's.

LAGUNITA RANCHO.
A Little Pen Picture of the Famous Valley in the Sacramento Region.

Lagunita rancho is one of the largest, most prominent and finest ranches in the Vaca Valley. The east and west boundaries are hills that would be very high from a Rock county stand point. The sun rises half an hour late in the morning, and retires half an hour early at evening. It has but about 650 acres, yet it extends from the rising of the sun even into the going down of the same. Vaca Valley is one of the suburbs of the great Sacramento Valley. The soil of the valley is very rich and deep, made so by the wash from the hills. Many of the hills are only valuable as pastures and feeders of the valleys. The Sacramento river drains nearly all northern California. Many and many dry run, rivulets, creeks and rivers go into the Sacramento. Its banks are often full. This year it overflowed and covered a vast extent of country, more than all Rock county. The chickens went into the trees, the pigs and other inhabitants fled to the high lands, while the coops, stys and out-houses went down the river to attend a convention, and all seemed as they were late—and fearful they would not get in the opening.

The beauties of California are magnified, because of its variety of climates. The mountains are deep in the beautiful snow, with temperature down to the bottom of the thermometer.

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REPUBLICAN COMMITTEES.

Will Meet on Friday Evening for Consultation in Regard to the Spring Campaign.

The members of the Republican City Committee, and all members of the different ward republican committees, are requested to meet at the Counting Room of the Gazette office on Friday evening, March 7th, at eight o'clock, for the purpose of arranging for the holding of the ward caucuses and the city convention, and to consider matters pertaining to the spring election. Every member of the several committees is requested to attend.

Chairman City Committee, H. F. BLISS.

JANESVILLE March 5th, 1890.

The several committees are as follows:

THE CITY COMMITTEE.
At Large—H. F. Bliss.
First Ward—O. D. Rowe.
Second Ward—T. S. Nolan.
Third Ward—Ed. F. Carpenter.
Fourth Ward—Thomas Mahor.
Fifth Ward—Wilson Lane.

THE WARD COMMITTEES.
First Ward—E. W. Vanderly, Geo. H. Davey, E. C. Burdick.
Second Ward—F. D. McGowan, S. O. Burnham, G. Veeder.
Third Ward—Stanley B. Smith, S. B. Phelps, Wm. Gardner.
Fourth Ward—E. J. Greer, Frank Pember, H. B. Walker.
Fifth Ward—N. E. Bennett, Richard O'Donnell, John McJoloch.

HARVESTING ICE.
The Janesville Ice Dealers Feel More Encouraged—They Will Cut This Week.

Meers Smith & Gateley, the ice men, are beginning to make arrangements for harvesting the ice crop. They have teams at work to-day scraping the snow off, preparatory to making the ice. The ice is from ten to sixteen inches thick and of very good quality.

The People's Ice Company are also making preparations. Their ice field is of good thickness and they will also cut this week. This firm wrote to Madison some time ago to see if arrangements could not be made for filling their houses with Madison ice. They received a letter from the Madison firm in reply, saying that they would fill the houses for five thousand dollars. They are now congratulating themselves that they made no contract.

Smith & Gateley purchased two hundred tons of Madison ice but were not satisfied with it and refused to unload part of the cars. Chicago parties immediately telegraphed to send it on to Chicago as they could use anything in the ice line. It is a cold or warm day when Janesville takes a back seat for ice or anything else. She may be a little behind hand but she always gets in on the home stretch.

A MODEL OFFICE.
The New Quarters of the Gazette Printing Company on North Main Street.

The Gazette office which for many years has occupied the lower floors and portions of the second and third stories of the Holdrege block on North Main street, has made some radical changes and improvements during the past two weeks, and is to-day comfortably settled